(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the Town of Amherst, New York)

Financial Statements as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 Together with Independent Auditor's Report



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 27, 2020

To the Board of Directors of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency (the Agency), a discretely presented component unit of the Town of Amherst, New York, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. Schedules 1 and 2 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

These schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the Town of Amherst, New York)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands)
December 31, 2019 and 2018

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency's (the Agency) financial position provides an overview of the Agency's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements and related notes, which follow the MD&A.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the Agency exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2019 and 2018 by \$1,736,492 and \$1,682,464, respectively.
- The Agency's net position increased by \$54,028 in 2019 and decreased by \$325,746 in 2018, as a result of 2019 and 2018 operations.
- The Agency's total revenues (operating and non-operating) were \$605,070 and \$204,555 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- The Agency's total expenses were \$551,042 and \$530,301 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The statement of net position and the statement of revenue, expenses, and change in net position report information about the Agency as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Agency's net position and changes in them from one year to the next. The Agency's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Agency's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Agency's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Consideration should also be given to other factors, such as changes in the Agency's fee income and the fluctuation of the Agency's expenses, to assess the overall health of the Agency.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements also include notes that explain the information in the financial statements. They are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the Town of Amherst, New York)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands)
December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The analysis below summarizes the statements of net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Agency as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

**Table 1 - Statements of Net Position** 

	2019	<u>)</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
ASSETS:				
Current assets	\$ 1	,395 \$	1,583	\$ 1,759
Capital assets, net		565	585	611
Restricted and other assets		115	114	114
Total assets	2	,075	2,282	2,484
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities		339	278	100
Long-term liabilities			322	376
Total liabilities		339	600	476
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets		239	210	185
Restricted		65	64	64
Unrestricted	1	,432	1,408	1,759
Total net position	\$ 1	,736 \$	1,682	\$ 2,008

A large portion of the Agency's net position (83% in 2019, 84% in 2018, and 88% in 2017) is unrestricted and available to meet ongoing and future liabilities. The increase in overall net position from 2018 to 2019 is due to an increase in administrative fees generated during the year.

Long-term liabilities consist of the Agency's mortgage on its office building and continue to decline as payments are made. Additionally, this mortgage was refinanced subsequent to year-end.

Overall, the Agency continues to report a positive net position.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017.

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the Town of Amherst, New York)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands)
December 31, 2019 and 2018

**Table 2 - Changes in Net Position** 

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017
REVENUES:			
Administrative fees	\$ 579	\$ 149	\$ 341
Application fees	2	1	2
Other and interest income	 24	 54	 410
Total revenues	 605	204	753
EXPENSES:			
Salaries and benefits	355	323	314
Mortgage interest	19	24	27
Professional fees	48	47	53
Depreciation	23	27	27
Other general and administrative	 106	 109	 107
Total expenses	551	 530	 528
Change in net position	\$ 54	\$ (326)	\$ 225

Agency revenues in 2019 increased from 2018 due to an increase in the number of lease agreements, installment sales, and mortgage refinancing transactions that closed during the year. Agency revenues in 2018 decreased from 2017 due to a decrease in the level of lease agreements, new installment agreements, second mortgage agreements, and refinancing transactions in 2018 when compared with 2017.

In 2019 and 2018, Agency expenses remained consistent with the year prior. 2019 expenses were within 4% of 2018 expenses, and 2018 expenses were within 1% of 2017 expenses.

#### **FUTURE FACTORS**

Advocates for requiring prevailing wages to be paid on any project that receives state or local incentives continue to push for legislation at the State Level. In addition to bills introduced by both the State Senate and Assembly, the Governor has included language that would trigger prevailing wage rules for projects meeting certain incentive to construction investment thresholds. There are a number of carve outs including historic tax credits, brownfield tax credits and affordable housing, but IDA incentives are not one of them. Previous analyses concluded that this provision would add approximately 20-35% percent to the cost of an economic development project upstate, drive-up the cost of doing business in the state even higher, and thereby make the entire state less competitive. One County IDA and City IDA enacted a prevailing wage provision and did not have any projects while it remained in effect, foretelling future prospects if enacted statewide.

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the Town of Amherst, New York)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands)
December 31, 2019 and 2018

Town-wide, the focus continues on redeveloping obsolete and under-utilized commercial and retail space. Overall, the existing office and industrial market continues to enjoy higher than national average occupancy but there is little greenfield property for these two sectors to expand. In addition, all property types are increasingly subject to market conditions driven by younger workers forcing employers to provide for mixed use options that present vibrant experiences. This market trend is moderating opportunities for new company locations and expansion until projects currently on the drawing board in the Boulevard Central District and Opportunity Zone move forward. Redevelopment of nodes of development throughout the Town presents an opportunity for projects, and we are finally nearing completion of zoning and SEQR processes that have delayed implementation. As long as infrastructure funding materializes and the economy continues forward, we should begin seeing actual investment projects in 2020.

#### **CONTACTING AGENCY'S ADMINISTRATION**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to show the accountability for the money received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency, 4287 Main Street, Amherst, New York 14226.

# Statements of Net Position December 31, 2019 and 2018

50000000 51, 2015 and 2015		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 1,390,329	\$ 1,577,843
Prepaid expenses	 5,027	 5,027
Total current assets	1,395,356	1,582,870
Capital assets, net	565,298	585,338
Notes receivable, related party	50,000	50,000
Restricted cash	 64,507	 64,378
Total assets	 2,075,161	 2,282,586
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Due to Erie County Industrial Development Agency	-	223,504
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,022	922
Current portion of mortgage payable	 326,647	 53,325
Total current liabilities	338,669	277,751
MORTGAGE PAYABLE, less current portion	 	322,371
Total liabilities	 338,669	 600,122
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	238,651	209,642
Restricted	64,507	64,378
Unrestricted	 1,433,334	1,408,444
Total net position	\$ 1,736,492	\$ 1,682,464

# Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Change in Net Position For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

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		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
OPERATING REVENUE:				
Administrative fees	\$	579,459	\$	149,386
Application fees	Y	2,000	Y	500
Other revenue		14,743		51,121
Other revenue		11,713		31,121
Total operating revenue		596,202		201,007
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and benefits, net		354,542		323,096
General and administrative -				
Professional fees		48,137		47,482
Building mortgage interest		19,443		24,233
Buffalo Niagara Enterprise participation		20,000		20,000
Maintenance and landscaping		17,372		16,218
Insurance		15,636		15,358
Special events and projects		1,574		12,809
Office supplies and postage		10,603		9,845
Real property taxes		7,694		7,532
Utilities		5,825		6,694
Telephone		5,690		6,464
Equipment rental and repair		8,016		4,629
Dues and subscriptions		6,422		4,301
Marketing		2,035		1,671
Education		2,043		1,035
Meetings and conferences		739		762
Auto and travel		2,129		153
Auto and travel		2,129		133
Total general and administrative		173,358		179,186
Depreciation		23,142		26,739
Total operating expenses		551,042		529,021
Operating income (loss)		45,160		(328,014)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):				
Interest income		8,868		3,548
Transfer to related party		-		(1,280)
Transfer to related party				(1,200)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		8,868		2,268
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		54,028		(325,746)
NET POSITION - beginning of year		1,682,464		2,008,210
NET POSITION - end of year	\$	1,736,492	\$	1,682,464

# Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2019	<u>2018</u>
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Fees and other revenue received	\$	596,202	\$ 275,627
Payments to employees and vendors	•	(516,800)	(550,731)
PILOT payments collected		4,113,874	4,159,018
PILOT payments disbursed		(4,337,378)	 (3,935,514)
Net cash flow from operating activities		(144,102)	(51,600)
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Additions to property and equipment		(3,102)	(1,090)
Principal payments on long-term debt		(49,049)	 (50,463)
Net cash flow from capital and related financing activities		(52,151)	 (51,553)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest income		8,868	3,548
Transfer to related party		-	(1,280)
Withdrawals (income) from restricted deposits		(129)	 (35)
Net cash flow from investing activities		8,739	2,233
CHANGE IN CASH		(187,514)	(100,920)
CASH - beginning of year		1,577,843	 1,678,763
CASH - end of year	\$	1,390,329	\$ 1,577,843
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOW FROM			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			(222.24.1)
Operating income (loss)	\$	45,160	\$ (328,014)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		23,142	26,739
Contingent liability		-	(49,371)
Changes in:			
Receivables		(222.504)	74,620
Due to Erie County Industrial Development Agency		(223,504)	223,504
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		11,100	 922
Net cash flow from operating activities	\$	(144,102)	\$ (51,600)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### 1. AGENCY

The Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency (the Agency) is a public benefit corporation created in 1973 in accordance with Article 18-A of New York State (the State) General Municipal Law for the purpose of encouraging financially sound companies to locate and expand in the Town of Amherst, New York (the Town). The Agency is exempt from federal, state and local income taxes. The Agency is a discretely presented component unit of the Town.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Agency's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for proprietary

#### **Basis of Presentation**

GASB requires the classification of net position into three classifications defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of
  accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other
  borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if
  applicable. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt
  attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.
  Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted net position This component of net position consists of amounts which have external
  constraints placed on their use imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors,
  contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through
  constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, the Agency uses restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as needed.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### **Nature of Activities**

#### • Industrial Development Revenue Bonds

Industrial development revenue bonds issued by the Agency are secured by the properties which are leased to companies and are retired by lease payments. The conduit debt arising from bonds and notes are not obligations of the Agency. The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from completed bond and note issues in its financial statements since its primary function is to facilitate the financing between the borrowing companies and the bond holders. The Agency receives bond administrative fees from the borrowing companies for providing this service. Such fees are recognized immediately upon issuance of the funds. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, there were no tax-exempt bonds outstanding with an aggregate amount payable.

#### • Lease, Second and Collateral Mortgage Agreements and Other Financing Programs

Lease agreements are used for projects when no financing is needed. Typically the project is financed internally by the company or developer. Second and collateral mortgage agreements are a financing tool used only when there is a mortgage already on the property. There are typically two types of second mortgages available: (1) a fixed asset second mortgage which is used for tenant improvements and/or equipment when the builder/owner needs to borrow additional money; and (2) an equity asset mortgage which is used for permanent working capital when the borrower/owner borrows the appreciated value or equity in an existing building. There are a variety of other financing programs, such as equipment purchase mortgages, leasehold mortgages, installment sales, acquisitions and expansions that the Agency offers to participating companies.

The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from these activities in its financial statements since its primary function is to arrange the financing. Funds arising therefrom are controlled by trustees or banks acting as fiscal agents. For providing this service, the Agency receives administrative fees from the borrowing companies. Such fees are recognized when earned.

#### • Lease with Mortgage Transactions

Lease agreements with mortgages are used where financing is required but the borrower and lender do not want to enter into a bond transaction. In lease with mortgage transactions, the Agency signs the mortgage to subject its interest in the real property to the lien of the mortgage but does not execute and deliver a bond. The borrower company signs a note and joins in signing the mortgage with the Agency. Agency participation in the mortgage provides for the mortgage tax exemption. Agency policy has been to not take fee title to any additional real estate and instead for all new transactions involving real estate, the Agency takes a leasehold interest in the real estate which is sufficient to provide for real property tax abatement.

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### • Payments in Lieu of Taxes

The Agency has entered into contractual arrangements with each of the client companies that have outstanding industrial development revenue bonds, whereby the client companies make payments in lieu of taxes to the Agency. Upon receipt of such payments, the Agency remits them to various taxing jurisdictions (Town of Amherst, County of Erie and various school districts) within the Town. The Agency typically does not reflect transactions regarding payments in lieu of taxes in its financial statements since its function in this area is to collect and remit the payment. The Agency does not charge a fee for this service. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Agency collected \$4,159,018 of payments in lieu of taxes and remitted \$3,935,514 to the taxing jurisdictions. \$223,504 of these collections had not yet been remitted as of December 31, 2018; and therefore, this was reported as an amount due to Erie County Industrial Development Agency on the Agency's financial statements as of the year end. Accordingly, in 2019, the amount collected by the Agency was \$4,113,874, which was less than the amount remitted of \$4,337,378, as the Agency remitted the amount that was due to Erie County Industrial Development Agency as of the prior year end.

#### **Related Parties**

The Agency is related to the Town of Amherst Development Corporation (the Corporation), a not-for-profit corporation, through common membership of its Board of Directors.

#### Cash

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, money market funds, and savings accounts.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. Generally accepted accounting principles require the use of the allowance method for recording bad debts. However, the use of the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would be obtained under the allowance method. Amounts for which no payments have been received for several months are considered delinquent and when customary collection efforts are exhausted, the account is written-off.

#### **Capital Assets**

Assets purchased or acquired with a useful life exceeding one year are capitalized. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair value at the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The Agency depreciates assets on the straight-line basis over the asset's estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 10 years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Operating revenue consists of revenue from fees earned on new projects when bonds are issued, mortgages are issued or a refinancing occurs. The Agency charges an amount equal to 1% of the project amount. For second mortgages, the Agency charges an administrative fee of .50%. For lease assignments and assumptions, the Agency charges an administrative fee of 1%. For the tax exempt financing, the Agency charges an administrative fee of .50%. Fee income is recorded as revenue when the financing closes, regardless of when the related cash is received. For projects receiving a sales tax letter, 25% of the fee is recognized as revenue when the sales tax letter is issued. Fee income received prior to closing is recorded as deferred revenue. The Agency defines non-operating revenue as interest earnings.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Agency is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and is exempt from income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The Agency's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the Agency has its own written investment policy. Agency monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State and which have a branch office located within the Town. The Agency is authorized to use only demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

#### Cash

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Agency's cash was covered by FDIC insurance, or by eligible securities held in the Agency's name by a third-party custodial bank or by the bank's trust department. The Agency's deposits were insured and collateralized as follows at December 31:

	2019				2018			
		Bank		Carrying		Bank		Carrying
		Balance		Amount		Balance		Amount
Demand Deposits	\$	72,473	\$	65,170	\$	63,075	\$	55,067
Time Deposits		1,389,666		1,389,666		1,587,154		1,587,154
	\$	1,462,139	\$	1,454,836	\$	1,650,229	\$	1,642,221
Covered by FDIC insurance	\$	386,980			\$	377,453		
Collateralized by third party		1,096,662				1,298,244		
Total FDIC insurance and collateral	\$	1,483,642			\$	1,675,697		

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

Restricted cash and equivalents at December 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Funds restricted for mortgage escrow - cash on deposit -			
escrow accounts	\$ 64,507	\$	64,378

The Agency has also designated \$100,000 of unrestricted fund balance at December 31, 2019 and 2018 to be used for future investments.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Leashold improvements	22,710	-	-	22,710
Equipment	188,412	3,102	-	191,514
Building	719,835			719,835
Total capital assets being depreciated	930,957	3,102		934,059
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Leashold improvements	(18,853)	(806)	-	(19,659)
Equipment	(179,680)	(4,173)	-	(183,853)
Buildings	(247,086)	(18,163)		(265,249)
Total accumulated depreciation	(445,619)	(23,142)	-	(468,761)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	485,338	(20,040)		465,298
Capital assets, net	\$ 585,338	\$ (20,040)	\$ -	\$ 565,298

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

		eginning Balance		ncreases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$	100,000	¢	-	ė .	\$	100,000
Land	<del>ب</del>	100,000	٠		<del>-</del>	<del>ب</del>	100,000
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Leashold improvements		22,710		-	-		22,710
Equipment		187,322		1,090	-		188,412
Building		719,835					719,835
Total capital assets being depreciated		929,867		1,090			930,957
Less: Accumulated depreciation:							
Leashold improvements		(17,867)		(986)	-		(18,853)
Fixed equipment		(172,089)		(7,591)	-		(179,680)
Buildings		(228,924)		(18,162)	-		(247,086)
Total accumulated depreciation		(418,880)		(26,739)			(445,619)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		510,987		(25,649)			485,338
Capital assets, net	\$	610,987	\$	(25,649)	\$ -	\$	585,338

#### 5. RELATED PARTIES

As discussed further in Note 9, at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Agency had a \$50,000 non-interest bearing note receivable from the Corporation. In 2020, the Corporation plans to repay the note in full to the Agency.

In addition, the Agency provides office space and personnel at no cost to the Corporation. The Corporation reimburses the Agency for the use of office space and personnel through its management fee.

The Agency transferred \$1,280 to the Corporation during the year ended December 31, 2018. There were no transfers to the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

#### 6. DUE TO ERIE COUNTY INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

As described in Note 2, the Agency collects and remits payments in lieu of taxes on behalf of various taxing jurisdictions. As of December 31, 2018, the Agency was holding \$223,504 of the payments collected. This money related to one specific PILOT agreement, for which there is a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Erie County that stipulates Erie County can decide how this money should be used. There were ongoing discussions between the Agency management and parties to the MOU regarding the potential for the Amherst IDA to utilize this money toward projects in Amherst. As there had been no formal conclusion or agreement in regards to these discussions as of December 31, 2018, the amount held by the Agency was shown as an amount eligible for allocation per the terms of the MOU on the Statement of Net Position. The Agency ultimately paid the amount to Erie County IDA during 2019. As such, no amount is due to Erie County IDA as of December 31, 2019.

#### 7. MORTGAGE PAYABLE

The Agency's mortgage with KeyBank amounted to \$326,647 and \$375,696 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The mortgage bore interest at 6% per year and was payable in 60 monthly installments of \$6,225 comprising of principal and interest through December 31, 2014. At January 1, 2015, the interest rate adjusted daily to 2% above the Regular Fixed Advance Rate offered by the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York for instruments having a term of five years. However, in no event will the rate fall below 6%. Payments will be made in 60 monthly installments based on a 10-year amortization of the outstanding balance at January 1, 2015. Amounts borrowed bear interest at 6% at December 31, 2019 and 2018. Per the original agreement, a balloon payment for the remaining balance is due in January 2020. The original agreement was still in effect as of December 31, 2019; however, in January 2020, the Agency refinanced its mortgage, extending the maturity date to January 1, 2040. Thus, the remaining balance will be paid in 240 monthly installments of \$2,121 comprising both principal and interest. The interest rate will be 4.75% until January 1, 2025, the first adjustment date, upon which time the interest rate will be adjusted. As this refinanced agreement was not yet effective as of December 31, 2019, the amounts below relate to the terms of the original agreement.

The terms of the mortgage require the Agency to maintain a restricted deposit with the bank which amounted to \$64,507 and \$64,378 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The mortgage requires the Agency to maintain a minimum debt coverage ratio of 1.2 to 1. The Agency met the minimum debt coverage covenant as of December 31, 2019. The Agency obtained a waiver related to the minimum debt coverage covenant as of December 31, 2018.

The aggregate maturity of the mortgage payable for the years ending December 31 is as follows:

2020 \$ 326,647

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2019 and 2018

Long-term debt relating to the Agency consisted of the following at December 31:

	Beginning Balance <u>2019</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Due Within One Year	Long-Term Portion 2019
Mortgage - KeyBank	\$ 375,696	\$ -	\$ (40,049)	\$ (326,647)	\$ -
	Beginning Balance <u>2018</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Due Within One Year	Long-Term Portion <u>2018</u>
Mortgage - KeyBank	\$ 426,159	\$ -	\$ (50,463)	\$ (53,325)	\$ 322,371

Cash paid for interest amounted to \$19,443 and \$24,233 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### 8. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Agency sponsors a defined contribution pension plan covering all employees who are age 21 or older and have completed one year of service. Contributions to the plan are made by the Agency at the rate of 7.7% of the employee's compensation. Employees are required to contribute at least 3% but not over 10% of their compensation in order to receive the 7.7% Agency matching contribution. The total expense relating to the plan incurred by the Agency amounted to \$18,260 during each of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### 9. COMMITMENTS

The Agency has entered into an agreement with several other entities to stimulate economic development through debt or equity investment in technology start-ups in Western New York. This is being done through the Western New York Business Development Fund. The agreement calls for the Agency to make a maximum commitment to fund investments in the amount of \$150,000. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Agency has funded a total of \$50,000. This has been accomplished by the Agency loaning the funds to the Corporation, which in turn made investments in local businesses. The Corporation plans to repay the \$50,000 note to the Agency in 2020.

#### 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The United States is presently in the midst of a national health emergency related to a virus, commonly known as Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19). The overall consequences of COVID – 19 on a national, regional and local level are unknown, but it has the potential to result in a significant economic impact. The impact of this situation on the Agency and its future results and financial position is not presently determinable.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 27, 2020

To the Board of Directors of the

Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency (the Agency), a discretely presented component unit of the Town of Amherst, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Schedule of Financing Activity

1979 - 2019

		Basis for Computing
	Date Issued/Closed	Administrative Fees
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BONDS	1979	\$ 2,090,000
	1980	10,599,000
	1981	4,030,000
	1982	5,375,000
	1983	4,305,000
	1984	24,809,665
	1985	28,593,000
	1986	20,565,250
	1987	26,520,200
	1988	50,173,000
	1989	31,270,000
	1990	17,217,000
	1991	28,473,300
	1992	13,541,452
	1993	20,697,393
	1994	19,381,125
	1995	16,700,29
	1996	45,622,164
	1997	67,256,562
	1998	34,667,822
	1999	58,229,176
	2000	81,840,50
	2001	31,662,26
	2002	20,975,000
	2003	7,985,516
Total industrial development revenue bonds		672,579,685
LEASE AGREEMENTS	1000	15 200 000
LEASE AGREEIVIENTS	1988 1989	15,200,000
	1990	9,150,42 7,001,69
	1991	15,935,83
	1993	1,306,42
	1993	25,928,67
	1995	750,000
	1997	500,000
	1999	1,503,45
	2000	19,660,620
	2001 2002	2,577,83 41,792,65
	2002	6,503,49
	2003	32,290,59
	2004	52,290,39. 52,124,72
	2006	41,785,17
	2007	
	2007	35,484,598 32,236,000
	2008	14,960,000
	2010	28,990,30
	2011	43,605,99
	2012	48,461,79
	2013	
	2014	51,307,54 70,097,32
	2015	
	2016	17,549,000 16,784,053
	2017	16,784,052 22,344,829
	2017	
Total lease agreements		655,833,047

### **Schedule of Financing Activity**

1979 - 2019

		Basis for Computing
	Date Issued/Closed	Administrative Fees
SECOND MORTGAGE AGREEMENTS	1988	1,110,000
SESSIND MONIGRACE MEMBERS	1989	250,000
	1990	1,585,000
	1992	125,000
	1995	95,000
	1996	1,985,000
	1997	1,000,000
	2001	287,000
	2002	800,000
	2003	4,655,957
	2004	2,600,000
	2005	235,000
	2003	874,000
	2007	
		2,662,798
	2008	3,625,984
	2010	1,150,000
	2011	2,872,551
	2012	124,309
	2017	500,000
Total second mortgage agreements		26,537,599
THIRD MORTGAGE AGREEMENTS	2010	2,800,000
	2011	700,000
Total third mortgage agreements		3,500,000
MORTGAGE AND MODIFICATION TRANSACTIONS	2009	250,000
ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES	2002	5,048,750
	2004	17,029,930
	2005	13,861,726
	2006	10,500,000
	2007	12,967,258
	2012	3,800,000
	2013	6,005,000
	2016	23,073,623
	2019	11,100,000
Total assignment of leases		103,386,287
COLLATERAL MORTGAGES	1991	200,000
	1992	530,000
	1994	673,000
	1996	300,000
	2003	1,576,915
Total collateral mortgages		3,279,915
EQUIPMENT PURCHASE MORTGAGES	1994	1,850,000
	1995	824,064
Total equipment purchase mortgages		2,674,064

### **Schedule of Financing Activity**

1979 - 2019 **Basis for Computing** Date Issued/Closed Administrative Fees 1,020,000 LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS 1994 **INSTALLMENT SALES** 466,494 1991 312,000 1993 303,113 1994 1996 3,854,000 1997 918,631 2,361,315 1998 61,069,108 2000 2001 2,338,546 2003 1,757,976 2004 12,763,495 2005 8,474,818 9,830,000 2006 2007 32,085,780 2008 18,870,000 2009 15,443,508 6,580,000 2010 2011 28,500,000 2012 25,197,500 2013 85,000,000 2015 32,800,000 11,000,000 2017 2018 1,000,000 33,900,000 2019 394,826,284 Total installment sales **ACQUISITIONS** 2,865,700 1994 **EXPANSIONS** 1995 1,300,000 8,600,000 **REFINANCING TRANSACTIONS** 2001 960,000 2002 2003 559,750 2004 5,491,750 26,384,367 2005 20,327,894 2006 2007 24,808,265 2008 34,860,000 2009 5,380,779 2012 7,380,737 1,495,802 2013 2014 2,611,953 2015 28,844,297 200,000 2017 6,187,226 2019 174,092,820 Total refinancing transactions 14,860,000 TAX EXEMPT BONDS 2007 PROJECTS WITH PREDETERMINED FEES 46,121,000 2001 PROJECTS WITH PREDETERMINED FEES 866,686,576 2007 Total basis for computing administrative fee 2,969,812,977

Schedule 2

Schedule of Detailed Financing Activity For the year ended December 31, 2019

	Date <u>Issued/Closed</u>	Basis for Computing Iministrative <u>Fees</u>
LEASE AGREEMENTS:		
Reist Street Holdings, LLC - Fredonia Place at Williamsville	5/19	\$ 12,694,829
Evans Bank, N.A.	7/19	7,250,000
The Uniland Partnership of Delaware - 400 Crosspoint	10/19	 2,400,000
INSTALLMENT SALES:		
BlackRock - Tech.	12/19	32,800,000
Strategic Financial Solutions	3/19	 1,100,000
ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES:		
Citigroup, Inc.	11/19	 11,100,000
REFINANCING TRANSACTIONS:		
The Uniland Partnership of Delaware - 480/490 Crosspoint	11/19	 6,187,226
Total 2019 Projects		\$ 73,532,055